Міністерство освіти і науки України

Миколаївський національний університет імені В.О.Сухомлинського

Кафедра перекладу

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**ЛЕКСИКО-ГРАМАТИЧНІ ТЕСТИ З АНГЛІЙСЬКОЇ МОВИ**

**ЧАСТИНА І**

**(ЗБІРНИК ТЕСТОВИХ ЗАВДАНЬ З КУРСУ «ПРАКТИЧНИЙ КУРС ОСНОВНОЇ ІНОЗЕМНОЇ МОВИ (АНГЛІЙСЬКА)»**

**ДЛЯ СТУДЕНТІВ І КУРСУ ДЕННОЇ ТА ЗАОЧНОЇ ФОРМИ НАВЧАННЯ СПЕЦІАЛЬНОСТІ 035 ФІЛОЛОГІЯ ОСВІТНЬОГО СТУПЕНЯ «БАКАЛАВР»)**

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*Рекомендовано Навчально-методичною комісією Миколаївського національного університету імені В.О. Сухомлинського (Протокол №\_\_\_ від \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 2018 р.)*

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Васіна І.В. Лексико-граматичні тести з англійської мови. Частина І. Збірник тестових завдань з курсу «Практичний курс основної іноземної мови (англійська)» для студентів І курсу денної та заочної форми навчання спеціальності 035 Філологія освітнього ступеня «бакалавр». – Миколаїв.

Даний збірник розрахований на студентів І курсу денної та заочної форми навчання факультетів іноземної філології вищих навчальних закладів. Збірник укладений згідно до вимог навчальної програми з Практичного курсу основної іноземної мови (англійська) для спеціальності 035 Філологія, та спрямований на контроль визначення ступеня засвоєння студентами лексичних та граматичних знань і вмінь з відповідної дисципліни, що дозволяє студентам-першокурсникам повною мірою закріпити засвоєний лексичний та граматичний матеріал, перевірити свої знання та успішно скласти іспити з Практичного курсу основної іноземної мови та Практичної граматики. Тестові завдання можуть бути використані як для аудиторної, так й для самостійної роботи студентів.

**Передмова**

Збірник тестових завдань «Лексико-граматичні тести з англійської мови. Частина І» укладений відповідно до вимог та змісту робочої та навчальної програм з «Практичного курсу основної іноземної мови (англійська)» для студентів І курсу денної та заочної форми навчання спеціальності 035.04 Філологія (Германські мови та літератури (переклад включно)) освітнього ступеня «бакалавр».

За тематичною структуроюпропонований збірник відповідає двом першим розділам підручника з Практичного курсу основної іноземної мови (Pre-intermediate Practical English Course) та побудований на лексичному матеріалі даного підручника: 1) Родинні зв’язки; зовнішність, характер та почуття людини; весілля в Україні та англомовних країнах; ролі та обов’язки членів родини, проблеми сім’ї та виховання дітей, проблеми підлітків і студентів в Україні та англомовних країнах; 2) Житло, типи будівель та їх частин, архітектурні особливості, типи кімнат, меблі та устаткування, житлові проблеми, ринок житла, оголошення про продаж житла в англомовних країнах; схеми одержання житла в Україні та англомовних країнах.

**Основна мета** збірника тестових завдань — контроль рівня засвоєння студентами лексичних та граматичних знань і вмінь з Практичного курсу основної іноземної мови (англійська) та Практичної граматики. Також збірник дозволяє студентам-першокурсникам повною мірою закріпити засвоєний лексичний та граматичний матеріал, перевірити свої знання та успішно скласти іспити з відповідних дисциплін.

За типологією збірник пропонує тестові завдання: з множинним вибором (Multiple Choice), в яких студенти повинні визначити, чи відповідає запропоноване твердження інформації в тексті (True-False), на встановлення відповідностей між двома параметрами (Matching), на заповнення пропусків (Fill-in-the-blanks), на виправлення помилок (Correct-the-mistakes). Таким чином, збірник тестових завдань «Лексико-граматичні тести з англійської мови. Частина І» орієнтований на міжнародні тести типу FCE (First Certificate in English), що відповідає рекомендаціям Комітету з питань культури та освіти Ради Європи щодо навчання іноземних мов. Відповідним чином, матеріал, зміст та структура даного збірника готує студентів-першокурсників до тестів міжнародного типу FCE.

Пропонований тестові завдання насичені якісним мовним матеріалом з різних функціональних стилів, включають актуальну та корисну інформацію культурологічного змісту.

Збірник «Лексико-граматичні тести з англійської мови. Частина І» може використовуватися не тільки для перевірки знань студентів викладачем на заняттях з Практичного курсу основної мови та Практичної граматики основної мови, а й як засобу самоконтролю студентом завдяки матриці відповідей, що включена до збірника.

**UNIT І. THE QUEEN OF HEARTH**

**Test Topic: Family Members. *Match the family members with the correct descriptions.***

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1. mother  2. father  3. daughter  4. son  5. sister  6. brother  7. grandmother  8. grandfather  9. cousin  10. aunt  11. uncle  12. niece  13. nephew | a) female parent  b) your sibling’s male child  c) female sibling  d) your sibling’s female child  e) your parent’s female parent  f) your parent’s male parent  g) male parent  h) female child  i) the son or daughter of your aunt or uncle  j) your parent’s brother  k) your parent’s sister  l) male sibling  m) male child |

**Test Topic: Family. *Choose the correct answer.***

1. When we were younger, my brother and I didn't really \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ , but now we have a good relationship.

a) get on

b) get off

c) get away

d) get to

2. My brother has 2 children; the boy is my nephew and the girl is my \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

a) cousin

b) niece

c) sister

d) aunt

3. My grandmother’s mother is my \_\_\_\_\_\_\_-grandmother; (there are 4 generations)

a) grand

b) great

c) high

d) big

4. Your siblings are your \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ !

a) parents

b) brothers and sisters

c) cousins

d) friends

5. I got divorced some years ago, but I still speak to my \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

a) old wife

b) before wife

c) ex-wife

d) previous

6. Uncles, aunts, cousins, nieces and nephews are all relatives and are sometimes known as a part of our \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ family.

a) nuclear

b) outside

c) distant

d) extended

**Test Topic: Family Relations. *Choose the correct answer.***

1. Deborah is engaged to Dilan. She is his \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

a) bride

b) fiancée

c) sister

d) spouse

2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ helps little things after divorce and protects interests of spouses.

a) law suit

b) wedding ring

c) prenuptial agreement

d) marital bliss

3. It is good when a child has a full family: both \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and grandparents.

a) mother

b) grandfather

c) relatives

d) parents

4. You have a strong \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to your mother, just her replica.

a) resemblance

b) image

c) copy

d) likeness

5. He comes from Germany. His \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ were among the first American pioneers.

a) fosterparents

b) ancestors

c) relatives

d) generation

6. Michael has been \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Vivian for three years, he strongly considers marriage.

a) dating

b) meeting

c) courting

d) loving

7. Eton is my distant cousin, mother says he is a remote \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

a) relative

b) kinsman

c) brother

d) step-brother

8. I can’t believe Emma is more than sixty, she \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ her age well.

a) looks

b) sustains

c) carries

d) gives

**Test Topic: Prepositions with Family Relations. *Put each of the following prepositions in its place in the sentences below.***

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| after | by | from | into | on | to |
| at | for | in | of | out | with |

1. We were born \_\_\_\_\_ the same generation. 2. They had a strong resemblance \_\_\_\_\_ each other. 3. She wanted to call her first son \_\_\_\_\_ her brother killed in the war. 4. Our daughter will be twenty-one *\_\_\_\_\_* her next birthday, so she will be \_\_\_\_\_ age next year. 5. I’m related \_\_\_\_\_ Mr. Keller. He is my distant cousin \_\_\_\_\_ my father’s side. 6. I am sure it is the marriage \_\_\_\_\_ convenience. She brought a big dowry \_\_\_\_\_ her marriage. 7. They are happily married. Joshua fell \_\_\_\_\_ love \_\_\_\_\_ her \_\_\_\_\_ first sight and proposed \_\_\_\_\_ her a month later. They are certainly married \_\_\_\_\_ love. 8. Clare’s parents are so happy she is going \_\_\_\_\_ with Jake. They are dreaming to marry her \_\_\_\_\_ the Spencer’s family. 9. Mrs. Doubtfire is approaching ninety. She outlived her late husband \_\_\_\_\_\_ twenty years. 10. We have a step-brother. He is my father’s son \_\_\_\_\_ his first marriage.

**Test Topic: Mothers. *Choose the correct answer.***

1. She was adopted. She never met her \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. She always thought of her adopted mother as her real mum.

a) giving birth mother

b) birth mother

c) mother birth

d) mother of birth

2. Which saying means if you really need to do something, you will think of a way of doing it?

a) Like mother, like daughter

b) Keep mum

c) Mum's the word

d) Necessity is the mother of invention

3. My boss is a bit too protective. I wish she’d stop \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and let me get on with my work myself. It’s not the end of the world if I make a mistake or two.

a) to be mother

b) parenting me

c) mothering me

d) mother me

4. Most women who have children today \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. I don’t know how they manage to combine going to the office and looking after their kids.

a) work and parent

b) are employed mummies

c) are working mothers

d) are work in two places parents

5. He grew up in Canada so although he can speak French well, English is his \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a) mothering tongue

b) mother of tongue

c) mother tongue

d) mother's tongue

6. Congratulations! Tell me everything. When's the baby due? What's it like being \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_? And do you know if you're having a boy or a girl?

a) a mother-to-be

b) a mother-soon

c) a mother-in-law

d) none of the above

**Test Topic: Old Age. *Choose the correct answer.***

1. Which is the odd one out?

a) grandfather

b) grandpa

c) granddad

d) stepfather

2. When I was a young boy, I can remember \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a bath in the living room!

a) have

b) to have

c) having

d) had

3. In elections, politicians try to get old people to vote for them, it’s called the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ vote.

a) white

b) grey

c) old

d) blue

4. When you retire, the money you get from the government is called a(n) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a) allowance

b) pension

c) grant

d) benefit

5. An unkind description of an old person as being too old is ‘He’s over the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_’

a) hill

b) mountain

c) top

d) barrel

6. My grandma is very \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, she’s always thinking of the past.

a) memorable

b) remembering

c) nostalgic

d) nostalgia

**Test Topic: Body parts. *Choose the correct answer.***

1. My brother speaks French, German, Spanish, Russian and Mandarin. He has a real \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for languages.

a) eye

b) nose

c) ear

d) mouth

2. Don’t get in trouble when you start a new school. It’s important to keep your \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ clean.

a) eye

b) nose

c) ear

d) mouth

3. “He always knows what’s going on in the company” “That’s because he keeps his \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to the ground.”

a) eye

b) nose

c) ear

d) mouth

4. Me and my big \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ! As soon as I said it I knew it was wrong.

a) eye

b) nose

c) ear

d) mouth

5. As a journalist he has an excellent \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for a story.

a) eye

b) nose

c) ear

d) mouth

6. He may be depressed but he never looks down in the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

a) eye

b) nose

c) ear

d) mouth

**Test Topic: Words and Expressions with “hand”. *Choose the correct answer.***

1. Something that is old or already used can be called \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a) first-hand

b) second-hand

c) third-hand

d) fourth-hand

2. If you experience something \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, you experience it yourself.

a) first-hand

b) second-hand

c) third-hand

d) fourth-hand

3. If you give someone a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ hand, you give them what they need, you help them.

a) helping

b) assisting

c) giving

d) rescuing

4. If a situation gets \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ , it means you can no longer control it.

a) on every hand

b) off your hands

c) in hand

d) out of hand

5. ‘To win hands \_\_\_\_\_\_’ means ‘to win very easily, with little or no effort’.

a) on

b) off

c) down

d) up

6. If something \_\_\_\_\_\_ hands, it passes from one owner to another.

a) swaps

b) changes

c) exchanges

d) alters

**Test Topic: Things your body does. *Choose the correct answer.***

1. You should have seen him, he was so angry; he just stood there \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a) clenching his fists

b) scratching his head thoughtfully

c) shrugging his shoulders

d) nodding his head

2. The classroom heating was broken and all the students sat there \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a) sobbing

b) shivering

c) dozing

d) blushing

3. We’ve been driving for ages, can we stop and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ our legs please?

a) walk

b) run

c) stretch

d) rest

4. Did you know that in the UK it’s quite rude to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ to get a waiter’s attention?

a) snap your fingers

b) clap your hands

c) shake hands

d) tap your feet

5. You could see the President was nervous because he was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ quite a lot.

a) sweating

b) sobbing

c) blushing

d) shivering

6. Which of the following is NOT possible? “If I have bread for lunch I often feel really tired in the afternoon, I’ve even been known to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ at my desk for 10 minutes!”

a) faint

b) have a nap

c) doze off

d) have forty winks

**Test Topic: Describing Appearances (1). *Choose the correct answer.***

1. Which of the following is NOT correct?

I’ve got short black hair, but my sister’s is long and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a) blonde

b) brown

c) yellow

d) red

2. Which of the following is NOT correct?

As we get older, most people get \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ next to their eyes.

a) wrinkles

b) lines

c) crows feet

d) creases

3. The answer is ‘She’s quite tall, with long blonde hair’ but what was the question?

a) What does she look like?

b) How is she?

c) What’s she like?

d) What does she like?

4. Which of the following is NOT correct?

If men don’t shave, they grow \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on their chin.

a) a 5 o’clock shadow

b) stubble

c) a beard

d) a moustache

5. Which one is NOT correct?

If someone doesn’t take care of their clothes, they can be described as \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a) smart

b) scruffy

c) well-turned out

d) well-dressed

6. Which of the following adjectives can be used with ‘absolutely’?

Have you seen Marie’s new boyfriend – he’s absolutely \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_!

a) gorgeous

b) good-looking

c) handsome

d) attractive

**Test Topic: Describing Appearances (2). *Choose the correct answer.***

1. They look ridiculous together – he’s really short and she’s so \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a) high

b) tall

c) great

d) large

2. When I saw her on her wedding day she looked absolutely \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a) pretty

b) beautiful

c) handsome

d) ugly

3. If you could change one thing about your appearance, what \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

a) would you have changed

b) would you change

c) will you change

d) do you change

4. You shouldn’t judge a book by its \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a) cover

b) plot

c) main characters

d) first page

5. Have you seen Celia’s new boyfriend, he’s tall, dark and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a) handsome

b) gorgeous

c) good-looking

d) beautiful

6. A: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

B: He’s tall and blonde with blue eyes.

a) What does he like?

b) How does he look?

c) What does he look like?

d) How is he?

**Test Topic: Like. *Choose the correct answer.***

1. A: What does she look like?

B: \_\_\_\_\_\_ tall, beautiful and has shoulder-length black hair.

a) She looks

b) She is

c) She looks like

d) She is looking

2. What’s the best question for this answer? ‘I like watching TV with my family and playing cricket with my friends.’

a) What are you like?

b) What do you look like?

c) What do you like doing?

d) All of the above

3. A: \_\_\_\_\_\_

B: Well, she’s interesting and very clever. She’s got a good sense of humour too.

a) What is she like personality?

b) What is she like?

c) What does she like doing?

d) What does she look like?

4. A: What does he \_\_\_\_\_\_? B: He loves tea but he can’t stand coffee.

a) likes to drink

b) like drink

c) liking to drink

d) like to drink

5. What’s the best question for this answer? ‘He’s tall and handsome. He’s got short brown hair and dark eyes.’

a) What does he look like?

b) What is he look like?

c) What does he like?

d) None of the above

6. What do you want to know if you ask ‘What is he like?’ About his \_\_\_\_\_\_.

a) preferences

b) interests

c) looks

d) personality

**Test Topic: Adjectives describing character. *Choose the correct answer.***

1. If you want to be a teacher you have to be very \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_; if someone doesn't understand something you have spend time helping them get it.

a) stubborn

b) patient

c) confident

d) shy

2. Which of the following would you NOT want your boyfriend or girlfriend to be?

a) romantic

b) loving

c) caring

d) jealous

3. Which of the following is NOT correct? ‘If you want to succeed in business you have to be \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_’

a) decisive

b) tough

c) half-hearted

d) strong

4. Which of the following is the 'odd one out'?

a) cheerful

b) happy

c) moody

d) happy-go-lucky

5. She’s so \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, I can’t remember the last time she did a day’s work!

a) hardworking

b) conscientious

c) diligent

d) idle

6. She’s the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ woman I know, she prefers to spend her money on other people rather than herself.

a) meanest

b) most tight-fisted

c) most stingy

d) most generous

**Test Topic: Emotions and Feelings. *Choose the correct answer.***

1. It always \_\_\_\_\_ him when someone reminds him of the time he failed his driving test.

a) angries

b) delights

c) set-ups

d) upsets

2. She was \_\_\_\_\_\_ when the doctor told her she was pregnant.

a) radio

b) radiate

c) radiant

d) radiator

3. She was really \_\_\_\_\_ with me when I accidentally broke her favourite vase.

a) angers

b) angry

c) anger

d) angrily

4. Cath smiles a lot these days. She seems so much \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ since she met Adrian!

a) happier

b) happiest

c) happy

d) happiness

5. Decide which of the adverbs below CANNOT be used in this sentence: He was \_\_\_\_\_ devastated when his wife died.

a) mostly

b) totally

c) completely

d) utterly

6. Samantha was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ when she got the promotion. She'd been waiting for this moment for years!

a) delight

b) delighted

c) delightful

d) devastated

**Test Topic: Feeling Worried. *Choose the correct answer.***

1. With so much to do and so little time to do it all I’m feeling pretty stressed-\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ right now.

a) up

b) over

c) out

d) on

2. His heavy drinking is beginning to give us cause\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ concern.

a) for

b) at

c) the

d) of

3. Her mother was worried \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_when she didn’t come home after school.

a) ill

b) groggy

c) poorly

d) sick

4. Three nights ago I had a terrible nightmare and it’s been preying on my \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ever since.

a) mind

b) ideas

c) brain

d) thoughts

5. I wasn’t sure, but I had a\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ suspicion she wasn’t telling us everything she knew.

a) biting

b) niggling

c) bothering

d) nibbling

6. Petra has a big \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ about the way she looks and also lacks self-confidence in many other ways.

a) hold-up

b) hold

c) hang-up

d) hang

**Test Topic: Feeling Angry. *Choose the correct answer.***

1. The local community is up in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ over plans to build a new airport runway.

a) opposition

b) disagreement

c) arms

d) fists

2. As a two-year old, my youngest son would \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a tantrum every time I tried to go anywhere without him.

a) fling

b) dribble

c) drop

d) throw

3. I don’t understand what you’re getting so worked \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ about. It’s really not a problem.

a) out

b) up

c) over

d) against

4. He’d just found out his flight had been cancelled and was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ with anger.

a) seething

b) teething

c) heating

d) freezing

5. I’m hoping I don’t see her today – I hear she’s on the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ about the trick we played on her yesterday.

a) flyover

b) warpath

c) highway

d) battleground

6. Furious at the questions the presenter was asking him, he got up and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ out of the studio.

a) crossed

b) strolled

c) stormed

d) sauntered

**Test Topic: Happiness. *Choose the correct answer.***

1. An idiomatic way of saying ‘to look at something and assess, or examine it’ is ‘\_\_\_\_\_\_\_’.

a) to bring stick

b) to get stuck

c) to take stock

d) to have stack

2. Objects that you have, as opposed to abstract things like love or happiness, can be called \_\_\_.

a) existing obsessions

b) material possessions

c) touchable confessions

d) hard solids

3. When you get what you want, your feeling is that of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a) satisfaccion

b) satisfacao

c) satisfaction

d) soddisfazione

4. If you are pleased with your situation and don't want a change, you are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a) contemplating

b) contempt

c) contents

d) content

5. Which of these three-letter words means 'great happiness'?

a) jay

b) joy

c) jam

d) jar

6. Something that meets your needs and expectations is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a) fillfulling

b) filling

c) fulling

d) fulfilling

**Test Topic: Sadness. *Choose the correct answer.***

1. Did you know Tim has left Janine? Yeah, she's completely \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ you know.

a) heartbreaked

b) heartbroke

c) heartbroken

d) heartbreak

2. When he told her it was over, she burst into \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a) grief

b) tears

c) crying

d) song

3. I tried to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ her, but she just couldn't stop crying.

a) comfort

b) comfortable

c) sympathy

d) sympathise

4. Which of the following is the odd-one-out?

a) weep

b) sob

c) cry

d) giggle

5. Christmas can be a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ time if you don't have a close family.

a) alone

b) unique

c) lonely

d) solo

6. Phillis offered Joan a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to cry on after her husband's death.

a) arm

b) shoulder

c) hand

d) leg

**Test Topic: Love & Relationships. *Choose the correct answer.***

1. I’ve got a new girlfriend! I’ve been \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ with her for about a month.

a) going on

b) going out

c) getting on

d) getting out

2. My boyfriend \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ with me last night because he said he didn't love me anymore.

a) broke up

b) broke out

c) broke down

d) broke through

3. I just want to settle \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and start a family before I get too old.

a) in

b) through

c) down

d) up

4. We’ve decided to \_\_\_\_\_\_ the knot! The wedding is next April.

a) make

b) have

c) bind

d) tie

5. I can’t believe it! My wife is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ an affair with our neighbour. I caught them kissing last night.

a) doing

b) making

c) having

d) taking

6. I \_\_\_\_\_ in love with her the first time I saw her and we've just celebrated our 50th anniversary.

a) stumbled

b) fell

c) tripped

d) went down

**Test Topic: Love & Marriage. *Choose the correct answer.***

1. When did he ask you to marry him? He \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on my birthday, it was so romantic!

a) propositioned

b) presupposed

c) presumed

d) proposed

2. We’re going to have a short \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ . We don’t want to wait a long time before we get married.

a) premarriage

b) engagement

c) fiancé

d) pre-nuptial

3. When I get married I want to walk up the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in a beautiful white dress.

a) path

b) corridor

c) aisle

d) gap

4. After the ceremony we’re having a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in a country hotel.

a) receiving

b) reception

c) receipt

d) recipe

5. I’m not nervous about the wedding, but I am nervous about having to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a speech.

a) talk

b) make

c) say

d) speak

6. The day after we get married we’re flying off on our \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

a) wedding trip

b) retirement

c) holiday romance

d) honeymoon

**Test Topic: Children’s Toys. *Choose the correct answer.***

1. My daughter loves ponies. We certainly can’t afford to buy her one but we bought her a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ which she pretends is her very own real pony.

a) rocking horse

b) robot

c) doll's house

d) moving pony

2. Children like to pretend to be someone else – a nurse, a fairy, a train driver. They love \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a) dressing

b) dressing up

c) dressing down

d) up dressing

3. I still love watching \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ shows. Even though you can see the strings I still like to believe the dolls really can walk and talk.

a) poppet

b) pupet

c) puppet

d) pupett

4. A \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is such a simple toy. A round piece of wood or plastic and some string. Yet keeping the toy going up and down is such fun!

a) doll

b) skipping rope

c) hula-hoop

d) yo-yo

5. Children like playing with \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ but even adults use them too. Boxers like to use them to keep fit.

a) building blocks

b) skipping ropes

c) colouring-in books

d) marbles

6. She's only two but she loves her \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. She likes cuddling him and stroking his soft fur.

a) doll's house

b) doll

c) robot

d) teddy bear

**Test Topic: Child Development. *Choose the correct answer.***

1. Human beings, especially when very young, need \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a) security

b) secure

c) securing

d) secured

2. Children who do not grow up in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ environments may suffer from various disorders like bed-wetting.

a) insecure

b) insecurity

c) secure

d) security

3. Some children develop habits that display their \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, such as sucking thumbs.

a) insecure

b) insecurity

c) secure

d) security

4. Many children form an attachment with a particular soft toy, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ blanket or other object, which they carry with them constantly.

a) insecure

b) insecurity

c) secure

d) security

5. The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ span of a 3-year-old is approximately 15 minutes.

a) concentrate

b) concentrated

c) concentration

d) concentrates

6. A 3-year-old child will \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ intensely on an activity for 15 minutes, and then want to move on to something else.

a) concentrate

b) concentrated

c) concentration

d) concentrates

**Test Topic: Childhood Confusion. *Choose the correct answer.***

1. My accent is a bit strange because I was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_in America but I moved to the UK when I was 16.

a) grown up

b) brought up

c) raised up

d) grow

2. I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in a village in the country which was great because everybody knew everybody else so it was much safer than a big city.

a) brought up

b) raised

c) grew up

d) grew

3. My father owns a farm and he \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ sheep and cows.

a) grows up

b) brings up

c) raises

d) grows

4. Children \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ so fast these days. They lose their innocence so young – I blame TV! They watch all sorts of violence and bad language before they’re 12 years old.

a) bring up

b) grow up

c) raise

d) grow

5. We have quite a big garden so we \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ all our own vegetables.

a) grow

b) bring up

c) raise

d) grow up

6. The countryside is a good place to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ children because they can play outside all the time.

a) grow up

b) bring on

c) grow

d) raise

**Test Topic: Teenagers and Money. *Choose the most suitable word or phrase given for each blank.***

**What Teenagers Do With Their Money**

Thirteen-year-olds do not spend as much money as their parents suspect - at least not \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (1) the findings of a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (2) survey, Money and Change. The survey \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (3) three hundred teenagers, 13-17 years old, from \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (4).

By the time they \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (5) their teens, most children see their weekly allowance rise dramatically to an amazing national average of $8. Two thirds think they get \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (6) money, but most expect to have to do something to get it.

Although they have more cash, worry about debt is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (7) among teenagers. Therefore, the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (8) of children \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (9) an effort to save for the future.

Greater access to cash \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (10) teenagers does not, however, mean that they are more irresponsible \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (11) a result. The economic recession seems to have encouraged \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (12) attitudes to money, even in case of children at these ages. Instead of wasting that pocket \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (13) they have on sweets or magazines, the 13-year-olds who took \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (14) in the survey seem to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (15) to the situation by saving more than half of their cash.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| (1) | a) counting on | b) based on | c) relying on | d) according to |
| (2) | a) late | b) recent | c) latest | d) fresh |
| (3) | a) included | b) contained | c) counted | d) enclosed |
| (4) | a) entire | b) all over | c) complete | d) the whole |
| (5) | a) reach | b) get | c) make | d) arrive |
| (6) | a) acceptable | b) adequate | c) satisfactory | d) enough |
| (7) | a) gaining | b) heightening | c) increasing | d) building |
| (8) | a) most | b) maximum | c) many | d) majority |
| (9) | a) make | b) do | c) have | d) try |
| (10) | a) among | b) through | c) between | d) along |
| (11) | a) like | b) as | c) for | d) in |
| (12) | a) aware | b) knowing | c) helpful | d) cautious |
| (13) | a) cash | b) money | c) change | d) savings |
| (14) | a) part | b) place | c) share | d) piece |
| (15) | a) reply | b) answer | c) respond | d) return |

**Test Topic: Teenagers and Money. *Put in the articles where necessary.***

**Help Your Kids To Spend Wisely**

Cash card schemes are available for \_\_\_\_ (1) anyone over \_\_\_\_ (2) age of 13. So if your youngster’s moved on from \_\_\_\_ (3) pocket money to \_\_\_\_ (4) monthly allowance or if he now earns \_\_\_\_ (5) wage, then he should think about opening his own account.

So our children are also far more eager to control their own affairs, according to \_\_\_\_ (6) recent survey by \_\_\_\_ (7) Britannia Building Society. In fact \_\_\_\_ (8) most teenagers would rather have \_\_\_\_(9) monthly allowance than \_\_\_\_(10) traditional weekly sum of \_\_\_\_ (11) pocket money. They want \_\_\_\_ (12) money in \_\_\_\_ (13) account that they can control and budget with as they please.

But \_\_\_\_ (14) children are only allowed \_\_\_\_(15) cheque book when they reach \_\_\_\_(16) age of 16. Until then \_\_\_\_ (17) cash cards, which in general are available on \_\_\_\_ (18) savings accounts for those over 13, seem to be \_\_\_\_ (19) sensible option, and are now being offered by \_\_\_\_ (20) most banks and building societies.

Opening \_\_\_\_(21) card cash account gives teenagers many advantages. They learn to control their own finances, and \_\_\_\_(22) machine won’t let them spend more than they have, which means they have to budget carefully. They’ll also have \_\_\_\_ (23) easy access to their money in \_\_\_\_ (24) case of \_\_\_\_ (25) emergency.

**Test Topic: Childhood and Adolescence. *Put each of the following words in its place in the passage below.***

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| adult | daydreams | extroverts | idolise | relationships |
| adults | development | hobbies | introverts | teens |

**Childhood and Adolescence**

Children live in their own world, from which \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (1) are largely excluded. The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (2) world is strange and exciting to them. They have \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (3) of success, adventure, romance and fame. They \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (4) their big brothers and sisters, pop singers or film stars. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (5) such as stamp-collecting, music or dancing are important to them. Children, especially when they are in their \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (6), go through a physical and emotional \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (7) which can be frightening. Their characters also begin to develop. Some adolescents are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (8) and keep themselves to themselves, while others are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (9) and like to share their thoughts and form \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (10) with other people. It’s a wonderful, terrible time.

**Test Topic: Freedom for Children. *Put each of the following words or phrases in its place in the passage below.***

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| adolescence | juvenile delinquency | rebelliousness | suppress |
| authoritarian | permissive | run wild | upbringing |
| formative | possessive |  |  |

**How much freedom should children have?**

It is often said that we live in a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (1) age, one in which people are allowed to do almost anything they like. Is this good for children? They are going through their \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (2), which is a very \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (3) stage of their development since their final adult characters are beginning to take shape. Some parents think it is good for children to be allowed to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (4), without control or supervision. They say that this enables children’s personalities to develop naturally and that they will learn to be responsible by the mistakes they make. However, this might lead to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (5), with the children ending up in the courts, or it might simply make children self-centred, without any consideration for others. Other parents believe in being strict, but taken to extremes this can produce a too \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (6) atmosphere in the home, with the children being dominated and ruled by their parents. Parents can also be very \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (7) and try to keep their children dependent on them. These last two attitudes can encourage \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (8) (against parents, school, authority) in a child, or conversely, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (9) a child’s natural sense of adventure and curiosity. A strict \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (10) by overcaring parents can make a child so timid and inhibited that he or she is unable to express freely his or her emotions and form mature relationships. To bring up children to be normal, well-adjusted human beings requires great wisdom, and perhaps a bit of luck.

**Test Topic: Teenagers and Smoking. *Put each of the following words or phrases in its place in the passage below.***

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| addiction | ashtrays | craving | harmful | put out |
| antisocial | chain smoke | fatal | packet | stained |

**Teens and Smoking**

To many teens smoking is not just a pleasure, it is an \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (1). They need it, depend on it, can’t stop it. If they haven’t smoked for some hours, they feel a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (2) for a cigarette. They often \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (3), which means they light another cigarette immediately they have \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (4) the other one before. Smoking is often considered \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (5), since many people don't like the smell of cigarettes or the sight of the smoker’s \_\_\_\_\_\_\_(6) fingers or \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (7) full of cigarette ends. Above all, smoking is \_\_\_\_\_\_ (8) to health and in many countries a warning is printed on every \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (9) of cigarettes. Scientists have proved that there is a link between smoking and a disease which can be \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (10), cancer and different diseases of future teenagers’ babies.

**Test Topic: Teenagers and Work. *Fill in the blanks using a suitable derivative of the words given in the box.***

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| (1) funny | (4) difficulty | (7) pass | (10) much | (13) twenty |
| (2) freedom | (5) hard | (8) good | (11) Britain | (14) live |
| (3) teenager | (6) little | (9) little | (12) good | (15) read |

**In Work and Out Of Work**

Life used to be \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (1) for teenagers. They used to have money to spend, and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (2) time to spend it in. They used to wear \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (3) clothes, and meet in coffee bars and discos. Some of them still do. But for many young people, life is harder now. Jobs are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (4) to find. There’s not so much money around. Teachers say that students work \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (5) than they used to. They are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (6) interested in politics, and more interested in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (7) exams. They know that good exams may get them \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (8) jobs.

Most young people worry more about money than their parents did twenty years ago. They try to spend \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (9) and save \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (10). They want to be able to get homes of their own one day.

Three quarters of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (11) young people do more or less what their parents did. They did their \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (12) at school, find some kind of work in the end, and get married in their early \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (13). They get on well with their parents, and enjoy family \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (14). They eat fish and chips, watch football on TV, go to the pub and like \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (15). After all, if they didn’t, they wouldn't be British, would they?

**Test Topic: Decent Values. *Fill in the blanks using a suitable derivative of the words given in the box.***

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| (1) depend | (4) greed | (7) behave | (10) proud | (13) respect |
| (2) importance | (5) manner | (8) effect | (11) conceit | (14) important |
| (3) spoil | (6) politeness | (9) help | (12) tolerate | (15) imitate |

As your children move towards \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (1), it is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (2) to make sure that they understand what decent values are. To prevent children from becoming \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (3) and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (4) you should not indulge them too much. To make sure that they grow up well-\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (5) they should be taught to be \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (6) from an early age. Children should be scolded for bad \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (7), which will be an \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (8) way of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (9) them to distinguish right from wrong. You need to reward your children when they do things well to give them a sense of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (10) but you must be careful not to overdo it or they may become \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (11). You should try to make your children \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (12) and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (13) of other people’s beliefs by exposing them to different races and cultures. Parents should try to place great \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (14) on setting a good example to their children, because children’s behaviour is often an \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (15) of that of their parents.

**Test Topic: Understanding Boys. *Fill in the blanks using a suitable derivative of the words given in the box.***

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| (1) educate | (3) powerful | (5) cook | (7) assurance |
| (2) noisy | (4) difference | (6) conform | (8) bully |

**Understanding Boys**

The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (1) of children starts as soon as they are born. Boys are allowed to make more \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (2)*,* to play with guns and cause more trouble. Such education prepares boys for \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (3) in the world but for little else. But all boys are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (4). Some boys are good at \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (5) and poetry whereas others are good at football or maths. Boys aren’t just \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (6) and rebels, “machos” and “wimps”. If we can \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (7) them that all these types are okay, it may help to reduce the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (8) of those boys who are the least macho.

**Test Topic: Teenagers and Alcohol. *In some lines of this text there is one word that does not fit grammatically. Fill in the blanks below with these unwanted words. If a line is correct, put a tick (√).***

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| (1) | You’re an average teen; just like the many | (1)\_\_\_\_\_ |
| (2) | people at your age. What’s the easiest way to | (2)\_\_\_\_\_ |
| (3) | feel cool and to prove to other teens that you’re | (3)\_\_\_\_\_ |
| (4) | cool? What proves you’ve made an another step | (4)\_\_\_\_\_ |
| (5) | toward being an adult? If something is to go- | (5)\_\_\_\_\_ |
| (6) | ing wrong - just buy a bottle of beer and you’re | (6)\_\_\_\_\_ |
| (7) | OK! If you ask an ordinary beer fan, the first | (7)\_\_\_\_\_ |
| (8) | thing you’ll hear about its wonderful taste. But | (8)\_\_\_\_\_ |
| (9) | even if it’s a tasty, even if it’s the only happi- | (9)\_\_\_\_\_ |
| (10) | ness of your unhappy life - beer still contains | (10)\_\_\_\_\_ |
| (11) | alcohol! One can to say about non-alcohol beer. | (11)\_\_\_\_\_ |
| (12) | It seems to be a good joke: who will be drink | (12)\_\_\_\_\_ |
| (13) | beer just to slake their thirst when we have | (13)\_\_\_\_\_ |
| (14) | mineral water or juice? But if you ask a teen: | (14)\_\_\_\_\_ |
| (15) | “Are you drinking an alcohol?” - the answer | (15)\_\_\_\_\_ |
| (16) | should be: “Of course, not. You’re probably | (16)\_\_\_\_\_ |
| (17) | blind – it’s just a beer.” But alcohol, especially | (17)\_\_\_\_\_ |
| (18) | as beer is drunk by teens - is a serious prob- | (18)\_\_\_\_\_ |
| (19) | lem. The facts are that it’s really very easy to | (19)\_\_\_\_\_ |
| (20) | get addicted to on an alcoholic drink, and beer | (20)\_\_\_\_\_ |
| (21) | is known as the one of the most addicting alco- | (21)\_\_\_\_\_ |
| (22) | holic drinks. There’re the millions of beer al- | (22)\_\_\_\_\_ |
| (23) | coholism cases. Isn’t it anyone’s stupid fash- | (23)\_\_\_\_\_ |
| (24) | ion? Isn’t it time now, before you lose your | (24)\_\_\_\_\_ |
| (25) | brains forever, to think about it? | (25)\_\_\_\_\_ |

**Test Topic: Teenagers in Britain. *Choose the correct verb form from brackets.***

**The Birth of the Teenager in GB**

Young Britons in the 50s (1) (looked/have looked) to America for taste in fashion, hairstyles and music. Record shops, coffee bars and melody bars (2) (have appeared/appeared) in towns. Dance halls full of young people in the latest American-style fashions (3) (had provided/provided) exciting new places for the young to meet. These adolescents (4) (started/were started) to dress differently from their parents and even (5) (invented/have invented) their own slang expressions to use amongst friends.

By the late 1950s the fashion and music industries (6) (responded/had responded) to the new teenage demand for records, transistor radios, fashionable clothes, posters of their idols and magazines about young people. Teenagers, because of their sheer numbers, (7) (was/were) important consumers with money to spend. One of the London designers, Mary Quant, is famous for inventing the mini skirt which (8) (caused/was caused) a scandal at the time.

In 1962 the record “Love Me Do” by an unknown group (9) (called/was called) The Beatles (10) (entered/has entered) the American-dominated British record charts. It (11) (was/has been) the start of an important era for British music and many groups (12) (had followed/followed) the success of the Beatles.

The new heroes of teenage Britons in the 60s (13) (have been/were) often ordinary working-class youngsters who (14) (rose/risen) to fame as pop-stars, fashion designers, photographers, writers or models. This phenomenon contributed to the confidence of British youth and gradually teenagers (15) (began/had begun) to develop their belief in the right to choose their own clothes, lifestyle and attitudes towards politics, religion and sex.

**Test Topic: Teenagers’ Vocabulary. *Choose the correct answer.***

1. Teenagers have to learn how to \_\_\_\_\_ school studies with spending time with their friends.

a) jingle

b) jiggle

c) jungle

d) juggle

2. If two people instantly like each other and become friends, you can say they \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a) hit each other

b) hit it off

c) hit out at each other

d) hit it out

3. A teenager about her best friend and herself: “The fact that we have \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ shows how close we are to each other – we’re like sisters”.

a) regular clashes

b) constant fights

c) occasional tiffs

d) frequent quarrels

4. Jeans and T-shirts can be worn by both boys and girls. They are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ clothes.

a) monosex

b) unisex

c) polysex

d) any sex

5. Teenagers often talk about things that are \_\_\_\_\_\_ them - in other words, irritating them.

a) hugging

b) bugging

c) mugging

d) tugging

6. A common colloquial word for someone who is modern, stylish and always stays calm is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a) chilly

b) tepid

c) lukewarm

d) cool

**Test Topic: Prepositional phrases. *Choose the correct answer.***

1. I couldn’t believe it, there was hardly anyone in the cinema, but this big man came and sat right \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ I couldn’t see a thing!

a) behind me

b) in front of me

c) next to me

d) beside me

2. I felt quite nervous when she said I should sit \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on the sofa!

a) next to her

b) in front of her

c) behind her

d) opposite her

3. When we were little at school, we used to sit \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ while the teacher read us a story.

a) in the floor

b) on the floor

c) at the floor

d) to the floor

4. Could you move your car? You’re \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of the entrance!

a) on the way

b) to the way

c) at the way

d) in the way

5. How do you feel now you’ve passed? I bet you feel \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_!

a) on top of the world

b) behind the world

c) next to the world

d) in front of the world

6. I need to get some cash. Do you think we might pass a bank \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

a) in the way

b) to the way

c) on the way

d) at the way

**Test Topic: Prepositional Phrases. *Choose the correct answer.***

1. It all happened so quickly, one minute I was making chips and the next the whole kitchen was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ fire!

a) on

b) at

c) by

d) in

2. She never means to break anything, it’s always \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ accident!

a) at

b) to

c) for

d) by

3. He didn’t have a job for months, but \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the end he found work as a waiter.

a) at

b) on

c) in

d) to

4. I was driving my car when \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ I heard a loud bang – I had driven over some glass!

a) all at once

b) at the same time

c) in the end

d) at first

5. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_! I thought the bus was never going to come.

a) At first

b) At last

c) In the end

d) At once

6. He looked so tired in class, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ times I thought he was going to fall asleep.

a) to

b) in

c) on

d) at

**Test Topic: Verb + preposition. *Choose the correct answer.***

1. In Mr. Cusack’s class we often discuss \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ really interesting topics, you know — politics, religion, the environment!

a) about

b) of

c) to

d) — (no preposition)

2. I love listening \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ classical music, I find it really relaxing.

a) about

b) at

c) to

d) — (no preposition)

3. I don’t understand what this means — can you explain \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ?

a) me this word

b) this word me

c) this word to me

d) this word at me

4. She asked \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ me to help her with the homework.

a) — (no preposition)

b) to

c) at

d) on

5. I applied \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 10 jobs last week, but I haven't got one interview!

a) to

b) for

c) at

d) about

6. What did you think \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the film? Did you like it?

a) about

b) of

c) in

d) all of the above

**Test Topic: Verb + preposition. *Choose the correct answer.***

1. I really enjoy my new English class, we discuss \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ really interesting topics like music, pop stars and fashion!

a) about

b) at

c) (no preposition)

d) to

2. What did you think \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the film? Did you enjoy it?

a) of

b) on

c) no preposition

d) to

3. It was so embarrassing, I didn’t have enough money to pay \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the meal.

a) (no preposition)

b) at

c) to

d) for

4. She left \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ work at 6.30 this morning – I was still sleeping!

a) to

b) at

c) for

d) (no preposition)

5. I’m not sure if I can come tonight, it depends \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the babysitter.

a) in

b) on

c) no preposition

d) to

6. Dear Mr. Lawson, Thank you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ informing me of your current position. I would like to…

a) for

b) no preposition

c) to

d) in

**Test Topic: Verb + preposition. *Choose the correct answer.***

1. You've been talking about asking her out for weeks, what are you waiting \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ?

a) to

b) in

c) at

d) for

2. Yeah, Mr Bennett is our history teacher, he's nice but I never know what he's talking \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

a) of

b) on

c) about

d) over

3. I've finally decided to call \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Simon, I want to know how he feels.

a) —

b) to

c) at

d) in

4. People say he works \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the CIA, and he carries a gun!

a) at

b) for

c) with

d) in

5. What kind of music do you like listening \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ?

a) to

b) at

c) —

d) for

6. What did you discuss \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ at the meeting?

a) on

b) over

c) about

d) —

**Test Topic: Verb + preposition. *Choose the correct answer.***

1. Do you believe \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ghosts?

a) to

b) on

c) in

d) of

2. I seem to spend all my money \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ rent, bills and food.

a) about

b) to

c) for

d) on

3. I prefer tea \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ coffee.

a) to

b) at

c) for

d) from

4. Northern Rail would like to apologise \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the late running of this train.

a) for

b) to

c) about

b) at

5. I’ve never heard \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ him, is he on the telly?

a) from

b) to

c) of

d) in

6. You look worried. What are you thinking \_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

a) to

b) about

c) in

d) from

**Test Topic: Vocabulary Expression with “get”. *Choose the correct answer.***

1. I tried ringing her all morning but I couldn’t get \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

a) down

b) up

c) over

d) through

2. My dad’s been unemployed for 6 months, it’s really getting him \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

a) over

b) down

c) by

d) up

3. Sorry I’m late, I was so tired I just couldn’t get \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ this morning.

a) down

b) up

c) over

d) by

4. Hmmm, the kids are very quiet, I wonder what they’re getting \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to?

a) down

b) by

c) up

d) through

5. I don’t think you really get \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the death of a parent.

a) down

b) over

c) by

d) through

6. I find it hard to get \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on my salary, I’m always penniless by the end of the month.

a) through

b) over

c) by

d) up

**Test Topic: Vocabulary Expression with “get”. *Choose the correct answer.***

1. He’s been quite ill recently, but he seems to be \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ now.

a) getting better

b) getting healthy

c) getting recovered

d) getting good

2. Which is the logical order of events?

a) get engaged - get divorced - get married

b) get engaged - get married - get divorced

c) get married - get engaged - get divorced

d) get divorced - get married - get engaged

3. Which of the following forms of transport do you NOT ‘get on’?

a) a train

b) a plane

c) a taxi

d) a bicycle

4. You can imagine how he reacted when she told him she’d crashed the car, he \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and then started shouting!

a) got really angry

b) got really sad

c) got really happy

d) got really bored

5. Do you know what time your train gets \_\_\_\_? Let me know and I’ll meet you at the station.

a) on

b) in

c) at

d) to

6. Which of the following is American English? ‘Have you ever \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ lost on the New York subway - it’s really confusing!’

a) get

b) getting

c) got

d) gotten

**Test Topic: Phrasal Verbs with “go”. *Choose the correct answer.***

1. Yuck, this milk stinks! I think it’s gone \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

a) on

b) off

c) up

d) down

2. Do you think this bag goes \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ my jacket?

a) with

b) for

c) to

d) at

3. Sorry I’m late, the film went \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ longer than I thought.

a) over

b) in

c) on

d) off

4. The police suspected him of carrying drugs so they went \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ his bag – but they found nothing.

a) on

b) in

c) across

d) through

5. When couples have a baby they often have to go \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a holiday for a year or two.

a) with

b) without

c) to

d) on

6. Phillis was so angry, she went \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ without saying a word – I haven’t seen her since.

a) on

b) off

c) to

d) at

**Test Topic: Phrasal Verb Particles. *Choose the correct answer.***

1. When she died, she gave \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ all her money to a charity for cats.

a) away

b) out

c) on

d) off

2. You boy! Don’t walk \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ when I’m speaking to you.

a) on

b) to

c) away

d) out

3. Ouch! He’s fallen \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ his motorbike and broken his shoulder.

a) off

b) away

c) out of

d) down

4. Would you mind taking \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ your shoes when you come inside?

a) away

b) on

c) off

d) out

5. I don’t feel like cooking, let’s order some take-\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a) outside

b) up

c) in

d) away

6. Can you pick \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a few things in the supermarket? We need milk, bread and loo rolls.

a) off

b) in

c) up

d) away

**Test Topic: Phrasal Verbs. *Choose the correct answer.***

1. Which option is NOT CORRECT? “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, I can’t hear myself think!”

a) Turn it down

b) Turn the music down

c) Turn down the music

d) Turn down it

2. Which option is NOT CORRECT? "If you don't know what something means, use a dictionary to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_."

a) look the word up

b) look up the word

c) look it up

d) look up it

3. “I’m so tired, I’m really \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.”

a) looking forward the weekend to

b) looking the weekend forward to

c) looking forward to the weekend

d) weekend looking forward to

4. “When we go on holiday, who’s going to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the dog?”

a) look for

b) look after

c) look up

d) look at

5. “It takes about 2 hours, so we should \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ at about six o’clock”

a) get it in

b) get in it

c) get in

d) get on

6. Which option is NOT CORRECT? “I’ll have to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, it’s killing me!”

a) give up it

b) give it up

c) give up smoking

d) give smoking up

**Test Topic: Phrasal Verbs or Working it Out. *Choose the correct answer.***

1. We’ve only been sharing the flat for a few days. We haven’t \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ who’s going to do which bits of housework yet.

a) got up

b) got off

c) worked out

d) put down

2. We had to get our dog \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ last week. It had stomach cancer.

a) got up

b) put down

c) worked out

d) got off

3. Can you please stop \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in front of others? It’s so humiliating!

a) getting me up

b) getting off me

c) putting me down

d) working me out

4. And please \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ me!

a) work your arms out

b) get your hands off

c) get up

d) put down

5. As a first-time offender, he \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ with a caution rather than a fine.

a) got off

b) got up

c) worked out

d) put down

6. ‘To work out’ can mean ...

a) to figure out the meaning of an unfamiliar word through context

b) to be effective, satisfactory or to have a good result

c) to take strenuous and systematic exercise

d) any of the above

**Test Topic: “Do” and “Make”. *Choose the correct answer.***

1. I’m sorry, I can’t come out tonight. I have to \_\_\_\_\_ my homework.

a) do

b) make

c) do me

d) make me

2. Don’t eat that! It’ll \_\_\_\_\_ sick!

a) do

b) make

c) do you

d) make you

3. People should exercise regularly. Exercise \_\_\_\_\_ good.

a) does

b) makes

c) does you

d) makes you

4. He’s a very good son. He \_\_\_\_\_ everything for his mother.

a) does

b) makes

c) does him

d) makes him

5. Where’s my telephone? I want to \_\_\_\_\_ a phone call.

a) do

b) make

c) do me

d) make me

6. Will you \_\_\_\_\_ a favour?

a) do

b) make

c) do me

d) make me

**Test Topic: “Go”, “play” or “do”? *Choose the correct answer.***

1. Do you \_\_\_\_\_ shopping often?

a) go

b) play

c) do

d) all of the above

2. I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ football for my local team when I was younger, but I just don’t have the energy anymore.

a) went

b) did

c) played

d) all of the above answers.

3. Have you ever \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ an evening course? It’s a great way to make new friends.

a) played

b) gone

c) done

d) all of the above answers

4. She \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ tennis every week you know, and she must be at least 60!

a) plays

b) does

c) goes

d) all of the above answers

5. I love \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ dancing — every Saturday night you’ll find me on the dance floor all night long!

a) doing

b) do

c) going

d) go

6. A friend of mine \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Kung Fu for years, he’s an expert!

a) has done

b) has been doing

c) did

d) all of the above answers

**Test Topic: “Go”, “play”, “do” or nothing? *Choose the correct answer.***

1. Do you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ swimming much?

a) do

b) play

c) go

d) —

2. Which of the following is NOT possible? 'Do you fancy \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ tonight?'

a) going clubbing

b) going out for a drink

c) outing

d) going for a girls night out

3. Do you want to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ cards?

a) do

b) play

c) go

d) —

4. If I have chance, I’ll try to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a bit of shopping.

a) do

b) play

c) go

d) —

5. My French mate Denzel \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ skiing and snowboarding at least once a year.

a) plays

b) goes

c) does

d) —

6. My grandma’s \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a course in creative writing, she’s 78 you know!

a) playing

b) going

c) doing

d) —

**Test Topic: Absolutely+adjective. *Choose the correct answer.***

1. It’s so cold in here — can you put the heating on? I’m absolutely \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ !

a) chilly

b) boiling

c) cool

d) freezing

2. I’m a nurse, so sometimes I have to work night shifts. I find them so tiring, honestly, I’m usually absolutely \_\_\_\_\_\_\_!

a) exhausted

b) tired

c) sleepy

d) all of the above answers

3. Have you been on that enormous rollercoaster? It’s so high and so fast, I was absolutely \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ !

a) frightened

b) scared

c) terrified

d) afraid

4. We just got back from our holidays in Spain; can you believe it was too hot? Everyday it was 100 degrees or more — honestly, it was absolutely \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ !

a) boiling

b) scorching

c) baking

d) all of the above answers

5. Wow — flowers! I love them, thanks — they’re absolutely \_\_\_\_\_\_\_!

a) stunning

b) gorgeous

c) beautiful

d) all of the above answers

6. It’s done nothing but rain for 2 days. This weather is absolutely \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ !

a) wet

b) foul

c) rainy

d) raining

**Test Topic: Suffix -able/-ible. *Choose the correct answer.***

1. My car is very \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ it’s never broken down.

a) edible

b) inedible

c) unreliable

d) reliable

2. This steak is completely \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, it’s cold and tough.

a) unreliable

b) reliable

c) edible

d) inedible

3. Sue’s handwriting is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, she usually has to type letters.

a) flexible

b) inflexible

c) comprehensible

d) incomprehensible

4. Is this sweater \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ or do I have to get it dry-cleaned?

a) washable

b) changeable

c) washible

d) adjustable

5. My working hours are very \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, I have to arrive exactly on time.

a) changeable

b) inflexible

c) flexible

d) inflexable

6. Water in the UK is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, you can take it directly from the tap.

a) drinkable

b) undrinkable

c) curable

d) incurable

**Test Topic: Changing meanings with prefixes. *Choose the correct answer.***

1. *During a telephone call*: I’m sorry Joe, can I stop you there? I completely \_\_\_\_\_\_\_agree with the point you’ve just made.

a) un

b) mis

c) dis

d) de

2. You can’t park here, it’s \_\_\_\_ legal.

a) il

b) ir

c) im

d) un

3. When you arrange to meet him, he is usually late or sometimes he doesn’t come at all! I’ve never known anyone so \_\_\_\_\_\_ reliable.

a) ir

b) il

c) im

d) un

4. *Written in an essay*: It is important to consider not only the advantages, but also the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ advantages.

a) un

b) dis

c) mis

d) all of the above answers

5. Do you think he’s the right person for the job? I mean he’s very \_\_\_\_\_ experienced.

a) un

b) in

c) dis

d) All of the above answers

6. You wouldn't think he’s 40; he acts like a child. I’ve never known anyone so \_\_\_\_\_ mature.

a) im

b) ir

c) il

d) un

**Test Topic: Compound nouns. *Choose the correct answer.***

1. Three of the words below go together with ‘HEAD’ to make a new word. Which word does not make a new word?

a) ache

b) line

c) master

d) man

2. Three of the words below go together with ‘NEWS’ to make a new word. Which word does not make a new word?

a) reader

b) magazine

c) paper

d) flash

3. Three of the words below go together with ‘BIRTH’ to make a new word. Which word does not make a new word?

a) day

b) mark

c) control

d) baby

4. Three of the words below go together with ‘AIR’ to make a new word. Which word does not make a new word?

a) conditioning

b) mail

c) port

d) pilot

5. Three of the words below go together with ‘BOOK’ to make a new word. Which word does not make a new word?

a) shop

b) worm

c) maker

d) library

6. Three of the words below go together with ‘POLICE’ to make a new word. Which word does not make a new word?

a) person

b) woman

c) dog

d) force

**Test Topic: Confusing words (1). *Choose the correct answer.***

1. It \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ her being a teacher, I can’t imagine her doing anything else.

a) fits

b) matches

c) agrees

d) suits

2. The airport is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on the edge of the city, next to the motorway.

a) placed

b) situated

c) built

d) existing

3. My doctor says I should \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the number of cigarettes I smoke.

a) reduce

b) lower

c) cut

d) drop

4. The judge gave him a 10 year prison \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for his crime.

a) sentence

b) period

c) punishment

d) time

5. I’d like a(n) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ room for 3 nights please.

a) individual

b) alone

c) single

d) lonely

6. You can only have your money back if you can produce a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a) bill

b) receipt

c) ticket

d) invoice

**Test Topic: Confusing words (2). *Choose the correct answer.***

1. I’m tired – I think I’m going to put my feet up and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ some T.V.

a) look at

b) watch at

c) look

d) watch

2. Why do all young people love \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ loud music?

a) listening

b) listening to

c) hearing

d) hearing to

3. Can you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to go to the dentist tomorrow? I forgot my appointment last week and don’t want to forget again!

a) remember

b) remember me

c) remind

d) remind me

4. The company was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in 1903 by my great great grandfather.

a) find

b) finded

c) found

d) founded

5. She’s so \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, she cries at anything!

a) sensitive

b) sensible

c) senseless

d) sensational

6. I’m going on a business \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to Istanbul next week.

a) journey

b) trip

c) travel

d) voyage

**Test Topic: Confusing Verbs (3). *Choose the correct answer.***

1. Nobody died in the accident, but 20 people were \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a) damaged

b) injured

c) spoiled

d) broken

2. Look at this advertisement Mary, it \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ there’s 50% of everything at Yvonne’s boutique – shall we go?

a) says

b) notices

c) advises

d) writes

3. I’ve been studying English for 2 years now, and I still can’t \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ it very well.

a) talk

b) say

c) tell

d) speak

4. Colin’s \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is not what it used to be, he’s always forgetting where he’s put things.

a) remember

b) memoirs

c) memory

d) souvenirs

5. She \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ her children, she gives them whatever they want.

a) damages

b) ruins

c) spoils

d) hurts

6. The government is encouraging everyone to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ water by not washing their cars.

a) waste

b) save

c) spend

d) use

**Test Topic: Formal and informal vocabulary. *Choose the correct answer.***

1. Dear Mr. Wise, We are sorry to \_\_\_\_\_ that...

a) say you

b) let you know

c) inform you

d) explain you

2. Thank you for bringing this \_\_\_\_\_ to my attention.

a) thing

b) matter

c) stuff

d) items

3. I am extremely \_\_\_\_\_ the service I received...

a) dissatisfied with

b) dissatisfied from

c) cross about

d) cross for

4. Hi John, how’s it going? \_\_\_\_\_ my holiday in Spain.

a) I am writing to give you some details regarding...

b) I intend to describe...

c) I want to tell you about...

d) I’d like to say you...

5. As you will see from my CV, I have \_\_\_\_\_ experience in this area.

a) masses of

b) a considerable amount of

c) loads of

d) great

6. That’s all for now. See you tonight! \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ , Mary.

a) Yours faithfully

b) Yours sincerely

c) Best wish

d) Love

**Test Topic: Quantity expressions. *Choose the correct answer.***

1. A house in this area can cost \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ much as £500,000.

a) so

b) as

c) too

d) this

2. I wish I could help, but there's not a great \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ I can do.

a) thing

b) stuff

c) that

d) deal

3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ all my old classmates are married with children now.

a) most

b) approximately

c) nearly

d) near

4. It’s so hot! The temperature must be \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ over 100 degrees!

a) clear

b) well

c) almost

d) much

5. Virtually \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of my colleagues ever take a weekend off.

a) none

b) some

c) most

d) all

6. The lecture starts at 6:00 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Latecomers will not be admitted.

a) sharp

b) around

c) precise

d) suddenly

**Test Topic: Numbers & Maths. *Choose the correct answer.***

1. What’s the maximum score in a game of darts?

a) one hundred eighty

b) one thousand eighty

c) one thousand and eighty

d) one hundred and eighty

2. How do you say the following? 12 ÷ 3

a) twelve plus three

b) twelve multiplied by three

c) twelve minus three

d) twelve divided by three

3. Complete this set of numbers - first, second, third, fourth, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

a) fiveth

b) fivetieth

c) fiftieth

d) fifth

4. The Queen of England is Elizabeth II, but how do you say ‘II’?

a) the second

b) second

c) two

d) the eleventh

5. Which of the following ways of saying 6 x 3 is NOT correct?

a) six times three

b) six add three

c) six multiplied by three

d) six by three

6. π (pi) = 3.142, but how do you say it?

a) 3 point 142

b) 3 full stop 142

c) 3 dot 142

d) 3 thousand 142

**Test Topic: Quantifying adjectives. *Choose the correct answer.***

1. Her classes are always full because she’s a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a) very well teacher

b) very good teacher

c) teacher very well

d) teacher very good

2. He’s my favourite singer. He\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a) very well sings

b) very good sings

c) sings very well

d) sings very good

3. I always go on holiday to Spain because I like the beach \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a) a lot

b) too much

c) very well

d) lots of

4. I’m not worried about the financial crisis because I have \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ money in the bank.

a) many

b) a lot of

c) a lots of

d) much

5. He didn’t win because he didn’t play \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a) enough good

b) good enough

c) enough well

d) well enough

6. He didn’t win because he’s not \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a) a good enough player

b) a well enough player

c) a player good enough

d) a player well enough

**Test Topic: Problem Words. *Choose the correct answer.***

1. I read the newspaper every day to keep up with \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ events.

a) real

b) actual

c) current

d) actually

2. This book is so good – soon people will be describing it as a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ novel.

a) class

b) classic

c) classical

d) classically

3. I thought for a long time, and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the end I decided to take the job.

a) in

b) on

c) at

d) to

4. I’ve been given a really exciting \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to go and study in China.

a) chance

b) opportunity

c) possibility

d) probability

5. I sometimes find it difficult to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ social gatherings with my wife’s family.

a) fit to

b) fit in at

c) suit

d) suit myself to

6. He was an extremely \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ child; he would get upset very easily.

a) sensible

b) sensate

c) sense

d) sensitive

**Test Topic: New Words and Expressions. *Choose the correct answer.***

1. I got this fantastic dress in the charity shop for practically no money at all. It’s \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ but you’d never guess it, would you?

a) second-loved

b) pre-owned

c) post-owned

d) after-owned

2. It’s my first day in my new job today. I just hope the people in the office are nice to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_!

a) downsize

b) smirts

c) newers

d) newbies

3. His company decided it had to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ because of the economic recession and now he’s unemployed.

a) oversize

b) undersize

c) downsize

d) supersize

4. This supermarket is 24/7 so it’s \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

a) open 24 hours every day of the week

b) open Monday to Friday, 9 – 5

c) closed at the weekends

d) all of the above answers

5. The more flights you go on every year, the bigger your \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ will be. And that’s not good for the environment.

a) smirt

b) pants

c) carbon footprint

d) cashback

6. Don’t worry I can pay for dinner. I went to the supermarket at lunchtime and got £20 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a) moneyback

b) cashback

c) backcash

d) cashwithdraw

**UNIT ІІ. FULL HOUSE**

**Test Topic: Parts of a House. *Match the parts of a house with the correct definitions.***

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1. living room  2. dining room  3. kitchen  4. den  5. bedroom  6. bathroom  7. patio  8. closet | a) a room in which meals are eaten  b) a room or an area equipped for preparing and cooking food  c) an outdoor space for dining or recreation that adjoins a residence and is often paved  d) a room intended for general social and leisure activities  e) a room, often secluded, designed to provide a quiet, comfortable, and informal atmosphere for conversation, reading, writing, etc.  f) a room containing a bathtub or shower and usually a washbasin and toilet  g) a room intended or used for a bed; a lodging room  h) a small room, enclosed recess, or cabinet for storing clothing, food, utensils, etc. |

**Test Topic: Home Appliances. *Match the home appliances with the correct definitions.***

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1. phone  2. freezer  3. stove  4. dishwasher  5. iron  6. refrigerator  7. dryer  8. toaster  9. washer  10. vacuum cleaner  11. microwave  12. oven  13. television | a) you wash clothes in it  b) you bake food in it  c) you clean the floor with it  d) you call and talk to people over long distances with it  e) you press clothes flat and remove wrinkles with it  f) you keep food frozen with it  g) you toast food (example: bread) with it  h) you heat pots and pans on it  i) you keep food cold with it  j) you dry clothes with it  k) you heat food with it using energy waves  l) you wash your dishes in it  m) you watch shows on it |

**Test Topic: Where People Live. *Choose the correct answer.***

1. John lives on the 22nd floor of that \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_; he has such an amazing view of the town.

a) caravan

b) terraced house

c) block of flats

d) detached house

2. My daughter has just bought this enormous \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the country. It’s so quiet, the nearest neighbours are half a mile away.

a) block of flats

b) detached house

c) semi-detached house

d) terraced house

3. What a sweet little \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. I love the flowers around the door – it looks like a picture on a box of chocolates!

a) cottage

b) caravan

c) camper van

d) semi-detached house

4. In the UK, it is very common for 2 houses to be built so that they are joined together. What are these type of houses called?

a) detached houses

b) semi-detached houses

c) terraced houses

d) cottages

5. My friend’s mum is selling her house. She’s planning to buy a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and drive around the world.

a) cottage

b) camper van

c) maisonette

d) flat

6. I live in a little \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ near the town centre. It’s tiny; in fact I have only one room plus a bathroom and a kitchen.

a) terraced house

b) bedsit

c) studio flat

d) cottage

**Test Topic: Around the House. *Choose the correct answer.***

1. The trouble with living in a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is that we can hear the noisy neighbours through the walls on both sides of us.

a) detached house

b) semi-detached house

c) terraced house

d) bungalow

2. Which of the following would you probably find in the bedroom?

a) A pillow

b) A sofa

c) An armchair

d) A cushion

3. My boyfriend’s dad’s a builder so the plan is we \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the flat ourselves.

a) do down

b) do up

c) do in

d) do away

4. Where do people keep their clean clothes?

a) In a cupboard

b) In a wardrobe

c) In a shed

d) In a laundry basket

5. Which of the following is NOT found on the floor?

a) A carpet

b) A rug

c) Wallpaper

d) Lino

6. What do we call the money that you might borrow in order to buy a house?

a) A loan

b) A credit card

c) A mortgage

d) Hire purchase

**Test Topic: House and Home. *Choose the correct answer.***

1. After a meal, when you volunteer to clean the dirty dishes, what should you say?

a) I'll do the washing up

b) I'll wash up

c) I'll do the dishes

d) All of the above answers

2. We are about to have dinner: “Can you get the cutlery and \_\_\_\_\_\_ the table, please?”

a) make

b) set

c) do

d) have

3. It took me a while to settle \_\_\_\_\_ to my new home, but now I love it!

a) down

b) up

c) in

d) for

4. “Please come in, take a seat and make yourself at \_\_\_\_\_\_. ”

a) house

b) home

c) flat

d) apartment

5. Which is the odd one out?

a) mow the lawn

b) water the plants

c) rake up the leaves

d) clean the windows

6. Which of the following words completes this sentence? ‘Our house is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_; we don't share the building with anyone else.’

a) terraced

b) detached

c) semi-detached

d) flat

**Test Topic: Around the Home. *Choose the correct answer.***

1. Which of the following would you find outdoors?

a) a sofa

b) a couch

c) a settee

d) a bench

2. “Johnny, please don't leave your clothes on the floor; hang them in the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_!”

a) locker

b) wardrobe

c) cupboard

d) cabinet

3. Which of the following is the odd one out? (think about things that you ONLY put on your bed)

a) duvet

b) sheet

c) pillow

d) cushion

4. I like my room to be \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_; I hate it when it gets messy.

a) clean and tidy

b) tidy and clean

c) neat and clean

d) clean and neat

5. If you want to make a cup of tea, you should use the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to make the hot water.

a) iron

b) toaster

c) mixer

d) kettle

6. “I have a small bedside table next to my bed. I keep a lamp and a book on it - and of course, my \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to wake me up in the mornings.”

a) alarm clock

b) clock

c) grandfather clock

d) all of the above answers

**Test Topic: Cleaning Your Home. *Choose the correct answer.***

1. To \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ clean means to deep clean your house. This usually only happens once a year.

a) winter

b) spring

c) summer

d) autumn

2. If someone is very interested or worried about something, we call them \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a) obsessive

b) possessive

c) recessive

d) aggressive

3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ means a lot of junk and stuff which is lying around your house, like newspapers, books and shoes.

a) caterer

b) crater

c) clutter

d) conker

4. If someone spends all their time cleaning and tidying, he or she is a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a) clean freak

b) tidy freak

c) clean pedant

d) clean enthusiast

5. To \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is when you throw or give away lots of things in your house you no longer need.

a) tidy up

b) clean up after someone

c) clear off

d) clear out

6. It \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (i.e. makes you feel happier) when you have fewer things around.

a) raises your heart

b) escalates your mood

c) elevates your ghosts

d) lifts your spirits

**Test Topic: Furniture. *Choose the correct answer.***

1. Furniture you buy that you have to assemble or put together by yourself when you get it home is called \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ furniture.

a) you put together

b) yourself-assembly

c) do-it-yourself

d) self-assembly

2. Even though this sofa is heavy, we don't have to lift it when we want to move it because it’s got \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. It’s so much easier to be able to push it rather than lift it.

a) snow tyres

b) castors

c) tyres

d) training wheels

3. When we move house we won't be able to take the wardrobes with us because they’re \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. They’re attached to the walls so they’re part of the house.

a) semi-detached

b) built-in

c) in-built

d) build-in

4. We don’t have a spare room so when friends come to stay they sleep on our \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the sitting room. It’s so convenient having a couch that we can also use as a bed when we need it.

a) sofa bed

b) bunk-beds

c) carrycot

d) hammock

5. She likes to read before she goes to sleep. She always has some magazines and books on her \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ so she can reach them easily without getting out of bed.

a) dining table

b) bedside desk

c) bedside table

d) beside the bed table

6. To keep wooden furniture clean you need to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a) rinse it

b) wash it

c) muck it out

d) dust it

**Test Topic: Colour Expressions. *Choose the correct answer.***

1. “I feel sick.” “Really? Well you do look a bit \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .”

a) green

b) red

c) blue

d) black

2. When that car cut in front of me I just saw \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and swore at the driver.

a) green

b) red

c) blue

d) black

3. “You can’t put up my rent. Look at the contract, it’s there in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .”

a) black and blue

b) black and white

c) white and black

d) blue and black

4. I tripped over in the street yesterday and today I’m \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

a) black and blue

b) black and white

c) white and black

d) blue and black

5. I said his new haircut made him look good. He spent so much on it that I had to tell a little \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ lie. It really looks awful.

a) black

b) red

c) green

d) white

6. It’s a very formal event. The dress code is strictly \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

a) white shirt

b) black tie

c) black jacket

d) white socks

**Test Topic: Colour Idioms. *Choose the correct answer.***

1. If we don’t do anything to stop climate change, something really bad will happen. For me, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a) it’s a white-knuckle ride

b) it’s black and white

c) it’s like a red rag to a bull

d) it’s as good as gold

2. She’s easily scared. Just show her a spider and she’s guaranteed to turn \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a) as good as gold

b) as white as a sheet

c) red-handed

d) like a red rag to a bull

3. After the party I took some friends back to the office and borrowed some of my boss's champagne. The trouble was, he was still working in the next room. He caught me \_\_\_\_\_\_.

a) as good as gold

b) worth my weight in gold

c) in a white-knuckle ride

d) red-handed

4. I think clocks are very useful. In fact, they're \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a) worth their weight in gold

b) as good as gold

c) a heart of gold

d) a white-knuckle ride

5. After he received an award, the Teacher celebrated a lot. He really \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_!

a) dyed the town red

b) painted the town gold

c) painted the town red

d) dyed the city white

6. He’s so kind and selfless. He’s got \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a) a red rag to a bull

b) a heart of gold

c) a white-knuckle ride

d) someone red-handed

**Test Topic: Housing Markets Vocabulary. *Choose the correct answer.***

1. Somebody who has never owned property before but is now buying is called \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a) a first-time owner

b) a first-time buyer

c) a new host

d) a new buyer

2. If you already own a property but are planning to sell it and buy a new, better one, you are moving up the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a) property ladder

b) ownership steps

c) ownership stairs

d) property steps

3. Complete this sentence: ‘Prices have got so high, they couldn't get any higher and the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.’

a) bubble has burst

b) bubble has bursted

c) balloon has bursted

d) glass has broken

4. If you don’t have enough money to buy a property outright, you may need to take out a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a) loan

b) credit

c) hire purchase

d) mortgage

5. If the value of your property is less that the money you have borrowed to pay for it, you are in a negative \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ situation.

a) equation

b) equality

c) equity

d) equilibrium

6. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is a recent term describing the situation when it becomes difficult to borrow money at low interest rates.

a) credit bunch

b) credit crunch

c) credit munch

d) credit punch

**ANSWER KEY:**

**UNIT І. THE QUEEN OF HEARTH**

**Test Topic: Family Members.**

1-a, 2-g, 3-h, 4-m, 5-c, 6-l, 7-e, 8-f, 9-i, 10-k, 11-j, 12-d, 13-b

**Test Topic: Family.**

1-a, 2-b, 3-b, 4-b, 5-c, 6-d

**Test Topic: Family Relations.**

1-b, 2-c, 3-d, 4-a, 5-b, 6-a, 7-b, 8-c

**Test Topic: Prepositions with Family Relations.**

1. in 2. to 3. after 4. on, of 5. to, on 6. for, to 7. in, with, at, to, for 8. out, into 9. by 10. by

**Test Topic: Mothers.**

1-b, 2-d, 3-c, 4-a, 5-c, 6-b

**Test Topic: Old Age.**

1-d, 2-c, 3-b, 4-b, 5-a, 6-c

**Test Topic: Body parts.**

1-c, 2-b, 3-c, 4-d, 5-b, 6-d

**Test Topic: Words and Expressions with “hand”.**

1-b, 2-a, 3-a, 4-d, 5-c, 6-b

**Test Topic: Things your body does.**

1-a, 2-b, 3-c, 4-a, 5-a, 6-a

**Test Topic: Describing Appearances (1).**

1-c, 2-d, 3-a, 4-d, 5-b, 6-a

**Test Topic: Describing Appearances (2).**

1-b, 2-b, 3-b, 4-a, 5-a, 6-c

**Test Topic: Like.**

1-b, 2-c, 3-b, 4-d, 5-a, 6-d

**Test Topic: Adjectives describing character.**

1-b, 2-d, 3-c, 4-c, 5-d, 6-d

**Test Topic: Emotions and Feelings.**

1-d, 2-c, 3-b, 4-a, 5-a, 6-b

**Test Topic: Feeling Worried.**

1-c, 2-a, 3-d, 4-a, 5-b, 6-c

**Test Topic: Feeling Angry.**

1-c, 2-d, 3-b, 4-a, 5-b, 6-c

**Test Topic: Happiness.**

1-c, 2-b, 3-c, 4-d, 5-b, 6-d

**Test Topic: Sadness.**

1-c, 2-b, 3-a, 4-d, 5-c, 6-b

**Test Topic: Love & Relationships.**

1-b, 2-a, 3-c, 4-d, 5-c, 6-b

**Test Topic: Love & Marriage.**

1-d, 2-b, 3-c, 4-b, 5-b, 6-d

**Test Topic: Children’s Toys.**

1-a, 2-b, 3-c, 4-d, 5-b, 6-d

**Test Topic: Child Development.**

1-a, 2-c, 3-b, 4-d, 5-c, 6-a

**Test Topic: Childhood Confusion.**

1-b, 2-c, 3-c, 4-b, 5-a, 6-d

**Test Topic: Teenagers and Money.**

1-d, 2-b, 3-a, 4-b, 5-a, 6-d, 7-c, 8-d, 9-a, 10-a, 11-c, 12-d, 13-b, 14-a, 15-c

**Test Topic: Teenagers and Money.**

1- —, 2-the, 3- —, 4-a, 5-a, 6-a, 7-the, 8- —, 9-a, 10-the, 11- —, 12- —, 13-an, 14- —, 15-a, 16-the, 17- —, 18- —, 19-a, 20- —, 21-a, 22-the, 23- —, 24- —, 25-an

**Test Topic: Childhood and Adolescence.**

1. adults 2. adult 3. daydreams 4. idolise 5. Hobbies 6. teens 7. development 8. introverts 9. extraverts 10. relationships

**Test Topic: Freedom for Children.**

1. permissive 2. adolescence 3. formative 4. run wild 5. juvenile delinquency 6. authoritarian 7. possessive 8. rebelliousness 9. suppress 10. upbringing

**Test Topic: Teenagers and Smoking.**

1. addiction 2. craving 3. chain smoke 4. put out 5. antisocial 6. stained 7. ashtrays 8. harmful 9. packet 10. fatal

**Test Topic: Teenagers and Work.**

1. fun 2. free 3. teenage 4. difficult 5. harder 6. less 7. passing 8. better 9. less 10. more 11. British 12. best 13. twenties 14. life 15. reading

**Test Topic: Decent Values.**

1. independence 2. important 3. spoilt 4. greedy 5. mannered 6. polite 7. behaviour 8. effective 9. helping 10. pride 11. conceited 12. tolerant 13. respectful 14. importance 15. immitation

**Test Topic: Understanding Boys.**

1. education 2. noise 3. power 4. different 5. cooking 6. conformists 7. assure 8. bullying

**Test Topic: Teenagers and Alcohol.**

1. the 2. √ 3. √ 4. an 5. to 6. √ 7. √ 8. √ 9. a 10. √ 11. to 12. be 13. √ 14. √ 15. an 16. √ 17. a 18. √ 19. √ 20. on 21. the (first) 22. the 23. √ 24. √ 25. √

**Test Topic: Teenagers in Britain.**

1. looked 2. appeared 3. provided 4. started 5. invented 6. had responded 7. were 8. caused 9. called 10. entered 11. was 12. followed 13. were 14. rose 15. began

**Test Topic: Teenagers’ Vocabulary.**

1-d, 2-b, 3-c, 4-b, 5-b, 6-d

**Test Topic: Prepositional phrases.**

1-b, 2-a, 3-b, 4-d, 5-a, 6-c

**Test Topic: Prepositional Phrases.**

1-a, 2-d, 3-c, 4-a, 5-b, 6-d

**Test Topic: Verb + preposition.**

1-d, 2-c, 3-c, 4-a, 5-b, 6-b

**Test Topic: Verb + preposition.**

1-c, 2-a, 3-d, 4-c, 5-b, 6-a

**Test Topic: Verb + preposition.**

1-d, 2-c, 3-a, 4-b, 5-a, 6-d

**Test Topic: Verb + preposition.**

1-c, 2-d, 3-a, 4-a, 5-c, 6-b

**Test Topic: Vocabulary Expression with “get”.**

1-d, 2-b, 3-b, 4-c, 5-b, 6-c

**Test Topic: Vocabulary Expression with “get”.**

1-a, 2-b, 3-c, 4-a, 5-b, 6-d

**Test Topic: Phrasal Verbs with “go”.**

1-b, 2-a, 3-c, 4-d, 5-b, 6-b

**Test Topic: Phrasal Verb Particles.**

1-a, 2-c, 3-a, 4-c, 5-d, 6-c

**Test Topic: Phrasal Verbs.**

1-d, 2-d, 3-c, 4-b, 5-c, 6-a

**Test Topic: Phrasal Verbs or Working it Out.**

1-c, 2-b, 3-c, 4-b, 5-a, 6-d

**Test Topic: “Do” and “Make”.**

1-a, 2-d, 3-c, 4-a, 5-b, 6-c

**Test Topic: “Go”, “play” or “do”?**

1-a, 2-c, 3-c, 4-a, 5-c, 6-d

**Test Topic: “Go”, “play”, “do” or nothing?**

1-c, 2-c, 3-b, 4-a, 5-b, 6-c

**Test Topic: Absolutely+adjective.**

1-d, 2-a, 3-c, 4-d, 5-d, 6-b

**Test Topic: Suffix -able/-ible.**

1-d, 2-d, 3-d, 4-a, 5-b, 6-a

**Test Topic: Changing meanings with prefixes.**

1-c, 2-a, 3-d, 4-b, 5-a, 6-a

**Test Topic: Compound nouns.**

1-d, 2-b, 3-d, 4-d, 5-d, 6-a

**Test Topic: Confusing words (1).**

1-d, 2-b, 3-a, 4-a, 5-c, 6-b

**Test Topic: Confusing words (2).**

1-d, 2-b, 3-d, 4-d, 5-a, 6-b

**Test Topic: Confusing Verbs (3).**

1-b, 2-a, 3-d, 4-c, 5-c, 6-b

**Test Topic: Formal and informal vocabulary.**

1-c, 2-b, 3-a, 4-c, 5-b, 6-d

**Test Topic: Quantity expressions.**

1-b, 2-d, 3-c, 4-b, 5-a, 6-a

**Test Topic: Numbers & Maths.**

1-d, 2-d, 3-d, 4-a, 5-b, 6-a

**Test Topic: Quantifying adjectives.**

1-b, 2-c, 3-a, 4-b, 5-d, 6-a

**Test Topic: Problem Words.**

1-c, 2-b, 3-a, 4-b, 5-b, 6-d

**Test Topic: New Words and Expressions.**

1-b, 2-d, 3-c, 4-a, 5-c, 6-b

**UNIT ІІ. FULL HOUSE**

**Test Topic: Parts of a House.**

1-d, 2-a, 3-b, 4-e, 5-g, 6-f, 7-c, 8-h

**Test Topic: Home Appliances.**

**Key**: 1-d, 2-f, 3-h, 4-l, 5-e, 6-i, 7-j, 8-g, 9-a, 10-c, 11-k, 12-b, 13-m

**Test Topic: Where People Live.**

1-c, 2-b, 3-a, 4-b, 5-b, 6-c

**Test Topic: Around the House.**

1-c, 2-a, 3-b, 4-b, 5-c, 6-c

**Test Topic: House and Home.**

1-d, 2-b, 3-c, 4-b, 5-d, 6-b

**Test Topic: Around the Home.**

1-d, 2-b, 3-d, 4-a, 5-d, 6-a

**Test Topic: Cleaning Your Home.**

1-b, 2-a, 3-c, 4-a, 5-d, 6-d

**Test Topic: Furniture.**

1-d, 2-b, 3-b, 4-a, 5-c, 6-d

**Test Topic: Colour Expressions.**

1-a, 2-b, 3-c, 4-a, 5-d, 6-b

**Test Topic: Colour Idioms.**

1-b, 2-b, 3-d, 4-a, 5-c, 6-b

**Test Topic: Housing Markets Vocabulary.**

1-b, 2-a, 3-a, 4-d, 5-c, 6-b

**Список використаних джерел**

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